

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY
THOMAS M. CRIKEN.
TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.
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MAYSVILLE, KY., AUGUST 18, 1899.

NEWS ITEMS.

SILVER has been found in Lacide county, Missouri.
The Illinois State Fair is to be held at Decatur, Sept. 27, to Oct. 2.
DAN RICE is building a barn at Girard, which is expected to cost about 20,000.
A deposit of diamonds some of which are said to rival those recently found in the Cape of Good Hope, has recently been discovered near Cornwall England.

The New York correspondent of the New Orleans *Picayune* says that George Bliss, Esq. took \$2,000,000 into the house of L. P. Morton, & C. American bankers, in Paris.
A silver communion service, vestments of the church, large Bible, and other articles about the altar, were stolen from St. Paul's Church, in Leavenworth, on Friday night.

General Rosecrans declines the Democratic nomination for Governor of Ohio. He deems an acceptance incompatible with his duty to those having claims upon him.
A German astronomer has written a pamphlet to prove that we are soon to have a second moon, and that it will be nearer the earth than our present Luna.

Chicago is now the great distributing port-office for all the American maps for China, Japan, the Sandwich Islands and the States of the Pacific slope.

On the fifty-fourth anniversary of the battle of Waterloo, just past, there were living one hundred and thirty-five English officers who took part in that battle.

Timothy Ryan, of Blackhawk, Iowa, went suddenly insane a few days ago, and remained so to the time of his death. The doctors attribute his insanity and death to the immoderate use of tobacco.

Mr. Roebing, the engineer, who died lately, was a builder of the suspension bridge of Niagara, the Allegheny and the Monongahela Rivers. He also built the suspension bridge from Cincinnati to Covington.

A riot in Brookfield, Lin. county, Mo., recently found a sudden end. The riot was daily protected by a one cent revenue stamp, properly canceled, and thoroughly attached to the chest by its holder.

Last Saturday, near Cornuda, Michigan, the boiler of a steam engine which was driving a threshing machine burst, killing two young men named Castle and Cephus, and seriously wounding several others.

Between Delphi and Rockport, Indiana, on Saturday night, a pole was bent over the railroad with a stone attached to it, and in such a manner that when the train came along it struck and smashed the headlight.

Near Vienna, Indiana, last Saturday, a young man was carrying a loaded gun to shoot blackbirds in a field, when in climbing a fence the load was discharged and entered his head. He lived but a few moments afterward.

Statistics from about one-third of Finland show that during 1898 there was 52,103 deaths, chiefly from famine, and that during the same time only 13,566 were born. In such a case the mortality was from thirteen to sixteen per cent of the population.

Mr. George Bittorf, of Evansville, Indiana, has in his possession a cabbage with seven distinct heads, all perfect, and each bearing about the size of a man's fist, the whole making one large cabbage. It is quite a curiosity.

The town of Detroit, on the Kasas Pacific Road, was entirely destroyed by a fierce hail and wind storm on Tuesday night. The wind blew down all the buildings in the town, leaving the inhabitants in the morning on the bare prairie literally homeless.

A few days ago a little girl about fourteen years of age, living near Galveston, Texas, was bitten in the leg by a rattlesnake. The nearest doctor was attending a patient at a distance, and in despair the parents drenched the child with whisky—nearly a quart was administered without producing any heady effect. The swelling, however, quickly subsided and the child is now out of danger.

NEWS FROM THE SOUTH.

POTATOES are selling at 50 cents per barrel in Baltimore.

SAMPLES of the new rice crop are being received in New Orleans.

THERE are at present twenty prisoners in the Clarksville (Tenn.) jail.

DWELLERS in the Western part of St. Louis are clamoring for a park.

THERE are one hundred prisoners in the Memphis jail.

THE crops in Northern Texas are better this season than they have been known for twenty years.

THE negro burglar who was shot by young Keene, near Lexington, last week, died in jail on Saturday.

A MOUNTAIN snake twenty feet long, has made its appearance in Calloway county, Mo. A snake hunt was being organized.

ESQUIRE SAMPOSON McLELLAN, a wealthy and respected citizen of Smith county, Tenn., was killed last week by falling from his horse.

THE recent flood in Texas the town of Pampa, Texas was entirely inundated, with the exception of the church, which stands on a hill.

THE store-house of Mr. W. D. Shepherd, at Falls Church, Va., was struck by lightning on Wednesday night last, and burned to the ground, with all its contents.

ISAAC L. HASSLER, who resides at Libertyville, St. Francois county, Mo., is in his fifty-sixth year, in good health and weighs only seventy-six pounds.

ON Friday last four portmen from Washington visited Sheriff Patton on the Potomac, flushed twenty-five woodcock, and killed twenty-three of them.

TWENTY-SEVEN families from near Rochester, New York, propose to purchase about 3,000 acres of land near Frederickville, Va. Their agents have already examined the reported favorably.

WILLIS HAND, Sr., and his sons, Willis and Noah, indicted in the Raymond (Miss.) County Court for the murder of J. V. Steele, on the 11th of May, have been admitted to bail in the sum of \$5,000 each.

THE grain trade, by way of New Orleans, is reported to be very flourishing, and the elevator warehouse is very busy in transhipping wheat and flour from the barges to the vessels engaged in exportation to Europe.

THE fruit crop in Ray county, Mo., will largely exceed this year any past season, in every thing but peaches. The grape vines hang in clusters, plums in ropes, and apples and pears bear the branches to the ground.

LANDS in the vicinity of Montgomery, Ala., and perhaps throughout the whole State, are being taken place in one day last week. Of the disease prevailing flux appears to be the most fatal.

NORTHWESTWARD the great losses in the late flood, so abundant are the crops of Western Texas that the product of corn and cotton will still be large. The injury to individuals is serious, but it will not fall so heavily upon the public.

A COLORED girl, about fifteen years old, living with Barrett Weaver, near Bowersville, in Hart county, Ga., about two weeks ago, gave birth to five children within the space of three days. All the children were still-born, and it was thought that the girl would die.

THE work on the streets of Shreveport, La., was suspended on Monday, owing to a strike for higher wages on the part of the laborers. They had been paid \$1.50 per day in Shreveport Change Notes, which are at a discount of 10 to 15 per cent.

A NEGRO on the place of John G. White, in Sumter, S. C., killed a rattlesnake a few days since measuring six and a half feet in length and thirteen and a half inches in diameter, when killed, had but eleven rattles and a button.

Recently Gen. ROSECRANS wrote a letter declining the Democratic nomination for Governor of Ohio, and alleging the necessity of giving his time to his creditors and family as the reason. We suspect that Gen. ROSECRANS, urged by the same considerations, has become a citizen of California and is ineligible to office in Ohio. In the nominating convention, GEORGE H. PENDLETON promptly declined the use of his name as a candidate, but upon the declaration of ROSECRANS, the Central Committee nominated Mr. PENDLETON and he accepted the position. In truth he could not have done otherwise without a loss of prestige. He could not afford to permit his party any longer to go a begging for a candidate, but as he hopes for the support of the Ohio Democrats in future National Conventions, so he must now yield to their wishes and consent to be sacrificed in the gubernatorial race. He has not the slightest chance to be elected Governor of Ohio, but will make a canvass that will be very acceptable to his party and will be quite as energetic as would be made by any one else. He will at least unite his own party, which ROSECRANS could not have done, and this will make up for the moderate Republican vote which the latter might have received but of which PENDLETON has no chance. Altogether it is a nomination very proper to be made.

JUDGE DENT AND THE PRESIDENT.—The President, in a private letter to Judge DENT, dated Long Branch, says:

"I have said, and repeat it, that if the Conservatives are to win, I would prefer your election to that of any other person likely to be elected, but as matters now look, it seems to me that the weight of my influence should be given to the other party. I earnestly hope, however, that before the election, concessions will be made on both sides, so as to unite all the friends of the reconstruction movement." The President denies that he contemplates any suspensions or removals from office in Mississippi on account of sympathy on the part of the incumbents with the Conservative Republicans. It was the intention of Secretary Boutwell to resign his seat in the Cabinet if the Administration had refused to support the ultra Radical ticket in Mississippi and Texas.

The sunniest Kentucky girl, who, after sleeping fourteen years, woke up to predict that after the eclipse of August 7 the sun would be shorn of his beams and shine with milder radiance, and then died, was mistaken in her calculations. Perhaps, says the Cincinnati *Commercial*, like our weather prophet, she did not carry her computations far enough. At all events, the hottest days of the season have followed the eclipse, and the city is sweltering day and night in heat such as we usually experience in July.

The State Teachers' Association, after a session of three days in Louisville, adjourned on the 12th. The following was adopted as the order of proceedings for the next annual meeting, to be held at Russellville on the 2d Tuesday in August, 1870:

1. President's Address.
2. Enrollment of members.
3. Election of officers.
4. An address on the organization of schools in rural districts. By Rev. H. R. Rivers, D. D.
5. A call upon all the counties represented for the common school teacher, in relation therein, and the difficulties which teachers have to encounter, to be followed by discussion.
6. Moral discipline in schools. By Prof. E. A. Grant.
7. How can the demand for properly educated teachers in Kentucky be supplied? By Rev. W. H. Hill, D. D.
8. How to secure the regular attendance of pupils. By Prof. J. H. Henderson.
9. The difficulties of imparting a knowledge of Arithmetic. By Prof. A. F. Williams.
10. What means should be adopted to improve in each year? By President W. A. Gilmer.
11. How shall the co-operation of parents in the education of their children be best secured? By H. A. Smith, of Madison county.
12. The best method of teaching the Grammar of the English language. By D. C. Culley.
13. The best method of teaching the spelling of the English language. By Rev. Thos. W. Tobey.
14. Primary Instruction. By Prof. Geo. A. Chace.
15. Essay—subject optional. By Mrs. M. T. Runyan.
16. Essay—subject optional. By Mrs. J. R. Hodges.
17. Essay—subject optional. By Mrs. Nephie Roberts.
18. Essay—subject optional. By Mrs. Martha Thatcher.
19. Practical questions suggested by the experience of teachers. To be answered in prompts.
20. A paper—subject the office of County Commissioner. By James H. Bowden, Russellville.
21. A paper upon the curriculum of study preparatory to entering college. By Prof. Farman.

The following resolutions of respect and thanks were also adopted:

Resolved, That, as a tribute of respect, this body tender their thanks to their worthy and distinguished Superintendent of Public Instruction for the faithful and efficient performance of the duties imposed upon him by the State of Kentucky, also, for the dignified and able manner in which he has presided over the body during its sessions.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Association be tendered to Rev. H. M. Henderson, D. D., Secretary, and to Prof. Geo. A. Chace, Assistant Secretary, for their services.

THE Prince of Wales Not as Virtuous as He Was.

[From the Boston Post.]

The hopes entertained of the radical reform of the Prince of Wales are rudely destroyed, in the minds of the English people, by a letter he has written to that much talked about young woman, Schneider, congratulating her upon her escape from a terrible death by fire. Schneider, it is generally understood, is the great originator of the wriggling, gesticulating, and very improper dancing upon the stage, of which Irma and Tostee are, it is said, but feeble imitators; consequently Schneider is the painted harlot in the eyes of the good Exeter Hall people in London, who are mortified to find that the traitor with which they have overwhelmed her have not caused a cessation of her engagement. The fact that the moral lessons are printed in the English language and that she understands nothing but French and "Javanese," which is slang French, weighed nothing in her favor; all London has rung with denunciations of her indecency and bold sinfulness. Wales and his brother patronized Schneider rather publicly, and it is stated that a week after her society at the Star and Garter hotel, and scandal was loquacious in the extreme. But his promises at Manchester had redeemed his errors, and he was looked upon as saved. The shock that this note to the actress has given may be inferred. The newspapers have comments and communications upon it, and his mamma is to be called upon to lend her maternal influence to arrest the crown prince in his rapid progress to destruction. His life seems destined to be very much chequered by indiscretions of which his lamented father never was guilty; for though his tastes were largely aquatic, he was never a part of his sailing or harvesting.

The Hon. Charles Chapman, ex-Member of Congress from Connecticut, and for many years a leading lawyer in that State, died at Hartford last Saturday.

Maysville and her Northern Railway Connections.

THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL MAKES A TELLING MOVE.

The Building of the Road Set-
tled Upon.

THE OHIO TO BE BRIDGED AT MAYSVILLE.

The "Ohio and Southern Road" Actively in the Field.

HO, FOR "CHATTANOOGA AND THE GULF."

The subjoined letters with the accompanying circular will be received by our citizens with sentiments of profound interest and universal satisfaction:

"CHILLICOTHE, O., Aug. 10, 1869.

Dr. John M. Duke:

Dear Sir:—Yours of the 7th inst., is before me, and you may rest assured that the friends of the Ohio and Southern road have been watching with interest the movements west of us.

The committee heretofore appointed to wait on the officers of the Central Pennsylvania road have been forwarded to you. The Executive Committee now have charge of active operations along the whole line. A meeting of the last named committee is to be held on Wednesday, 18th inst., at Chillicothe, for opening of books, making of surveys, inaugurating meetings, etc. We are now much encouraged and expect to accomplish the ultimate triumph of the road against all rival lines.

Yours truly,

LEWIS W. SIFFORD.

LANCASTER, Aug. 12th, 1869.

Dr. John M. Duke, Maysville, Ky.

Dear Sir:—Your favor of the 7th inst. was duly received. I am not surprised at your anxiety in regard to our railroad matters. They have been delayed by unwarranted negligence on the part of some of the Committee, but we have the business now in a more tangible form than before, as you will see by the Circular enclosed. It is now in the hands of the Executive Committee with Col. L. W. Sifford at the head. I was in Chillicothe yesterday and had a conference with the Colonel and some members of that committee. A meeting is called at Chillicothe next Wednesday, 18th inst., and work is proposed immediately.

My early prediction seems in a fair way to be fulfilled at an early day. That was, that a road would be built from some point on the Panhandle road to your city. The "unit prediction" which Mr. Jewett speaks of is a unit to foreclose the first mortgage bonds of the Cincinnati and Zanesville Railroad, and said suit being in the hands of Hon. H. H. Hunter, of this place, who assures me that the case will be decided in favor of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad; therefore we feel but little uneasiness in regard to the northern terminus of the road, but there is work to do to secure it, viz: Colonel Sifford now proposes to go at it with his "coat of aid and sleeves rolled up," and leave no stone unturned until the line is put under contract.

We will keep you posted in our progress for we are aware that your people are vitally interested in the enterprise.

Respectfully yours,

W. W. GRAVER.

REPORT ON THE OHIO AND SOUTHERN R. R.

The following gentlemen representing the Committee of the O. & S. R. R. by appointment met Hugh J. Jewett, who was authorized to act for the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Columbus, on the 6th inst. The Committee laid before that gentleman the report of Mr. Graves upon the practicality of our line, also a statement of what they considered its advantages. After giving us a patient hearing, Mr. Jewett, in substance, gave us a reply as follows:

"The Pennsylvania Central Railroad has had in contemplation for some time the forming of a junction with the Southern Railroad at Maysville, Ky., and has determined to build a road having its southern terminus at the city connecting at some point with the Pan Handle Road. As to the line and location of the road will be located, that will be determined by circumstances. I have already met a Committee representing a line running through Hillsborough and Circleville to New Castle, and another line running through Washington to Columbus. The point which we would desire as a terminus will be determined in a measure by our suit pending. If that is determined in our favor we will desire Lancaster as the terminus. If decided against us, other interests besides those of the Pennsylvania Road must be consulted, and the preferable point will be New or Columbus. In the selection of a line, length, practicability of the country to furnish local traffic and pecuniary assistance will be considered. We will expect the communities through which the line passes to give the right of way, make the land and build the bridges, excepting the one across the Ohio River. The building of the road is settled upon, and as soon as the people along a contemplated route secure subscriptions sufficient to secure the raising of the necessary money, we will begin to build. The pioneers on the line and come to a determination. This is in substance what I have stated to the other Committee, and as much as I feel authorized to assure you."

These assurances were regarded in a conversation of some length, but embrace substantially all that was developed in the interview.

J. H. POTNAM.

LEWIS W. SIFFORD.

THOMAS M. CRIKEN.

Mr. Van Trump was with the Committee, but he did not feel authorized to sign his name.

The Imperious Duchess.

The Duchess de la Torre (Serrano's wife), the belle of Madrid, the most fascinating of the belle sexe, is quite the reverse of her constitutional form. She is as haughty and imperious as Catherine of Russia. Among the fair sex and one running through Washington to Columbus. The point which we would desire as a terminus will be determined in a measure by our suit pending. If that is determined in our favor we will desire Lancaster as the terminus. If decided against us, other interests besides those of the Pennsylvania Road must be consulted, and the preferable point will be New or Columbus. In the selection of a line, length, practicability of the country to furnish local traffic and pecuniary assistance will be considered. We will expect the communities through which the line passes to give the right of way, make the land and build the bridges, excepting the one across the Ohio River. The building of the road is settled upon, and as soon as the people along a contemplated route secure subscriptions sufficient to secure the raising of the necessary money, we will begin to build. The pioneers on the line and come to a determination. This is in substance what I have stated to the other Committee, and as much as I feel authorized to assure you."

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The Kentucky Legislature, Democrats in Roman; Republicans in Italian. Independent Democrats by a.

SENATE.

SENATORS HOLDING OVER TWO YEARS.
1st District—W. Lindsay, Hickman.
2d District—Oscar Turner, Ballard.
3d District—C. C. Holt, Callaway.
4th District—C. K. Bradley, Hopkins.
5th District—H. H. Spaulding, Union.
6th District—S. F. Allison, Christian.
7th District—P. H. Leslie, Barton.
8th District—A. C. Vallandigham, Simpson.
9th District—C. W. Winfrey, Adair.
10th District—J. P. Martin, Harrison.
11th District—John H. Clark, Brecken.
12th District—John M. Alexander, Fleming.
13th District—D. Y. Lyle, Clay.
14th District—J. S. Gardner, Magoffin.
15th District—E. D. Standford, Louisville.
16th District—B. J. Webb, Louisville.
17th District—Lytell Cooke, Louisville.
18th District—Robert Boyle, Laurel.

SEVENTH ELECTION 1869.

Davies, Hancock—Edwin Hawes.
Eighth District.
Ohio, Butler, McLean—J. M. Cosby.
Ninth District.
Graves, Bre

MAYSVILLE, KY., AUGUST 18, 1899

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Germantown Fair comes off on the 14th, 15th, 16th, and 17th of September.

Low Water.—The sand bar below this city on the Ohio river is now visible for the first time this season and the river is still falling.

The Telegraph run around in the neighborhood of Vanceburg, on Monday night last, and was compelled to remove a large quantity of freight.

The quantity of whisky taken out of bond in Bourbon county during the month of July, amounts to 972 barrels, containing 40,473 gallons, upon which the tax was \$20,235.50.

Smash Up.—Mr. John Archdeacon while riding on Monday evening with a young lady, was thrown from his buggy and considerably bruised.

The Ohio River Traveler says: The "mammoth" of the "Bostons" on Monday last was ten feet long. On the same trip she took down 272 passengers, 73 of which were from Maysville.

Production.—We are informed that M. E. McKellup, of Lewis county, Ky., planted this season one Early Good rich potato, weighing 3 ounces, and raised therefrom ninety-six perfect potatoes, weighing 153 pounds!

Uncle Frank Preston, of Mason county, says the Western Citizen celebrated his 95th birthday, on Tuesday, by giving a grand dinner to all his descendants. He is one of the oldest inhabitants in Mason county, and so far as intellect is concerned, is the best preserved man in the State. During the last ten years he has met with a series of accidents, which have impaired his physical health, yet, nevertheless, he still enjoys a fishing excursion, or a deer hunt, as keenly as a boy of thirty or forty summers.

Special Announcement.—It is with pleasure that we announce to our friends and others that the "Magnificent Henderson Enterprise" has attained to such a point that success is no longer in doubt. The integrity of the parties controlling it, the honest manner in which the most valuable prizes have been put into the scheme, in such a way that it was impossible to withdraw them, and also placed at a fair cash valuation—have done the work, and we shall soon be able to announce the names of the fortunate ones. Parties who apply soon may secure tickets.

San Francisco.—From a letter Mrs. Eva P. Lowery, received last week from her husband, J. Travis Lowery, who is now prospecting in the far west, we learn that in going out on the great Pacific Railroad he stopped at Salt Lake City, was introduced to Brigham Young and saw thirteen of his wives and thirty seven of his children. While he is pleased with the country he thinks Mason county far exceeds it. In San Francisco the ladies wear their furs, and men their overcoats. As he will be home next week, we hope he will write a description of the country for the benefit of our readers.

Sulphur Springs.—Recently a fine spring of pure white sulphur water was discovered on the farm of Squire S. B. Pugh, on Salt Lick, in Lewis county, about two miles from the old Escalaps Springs. It is near the road down the valley, accessible by an easy walk from the residence of Squire Pugh, and throws out a considerable volume of cold and pleasant water, equal in strength to any of the white sulphur in Kentucky. The neighborhood is very healthy, the services of a physician being very rarely required, and one never being sent for in urgent cases in diseases not attributable to the locality.

Murder.—On Monday last week, says the Kentucky Journal during the progress of the election at Pennsylvania Furnace, in Greenup county, Kentucky, a difficulty occurred between parties named Noon and Keeton. Nothing serious occurred at the time, but shortly afterward the same parties met at Woolbridge's grocery, when one of the Noon's was struck on the head by a club in the hands of one of the Keeton's, and died in a few minutes from the effects of the blow. During the melee another of the Noon's and a man named Crayner were badly injured. At last accounts no arrests had been made.

The Visitation Academy.—The Sisters who have charge of it are entering in their exertions to advance the moral as well as the intellectual welfare of their pupils, and the school has always been regarded as one of the best in the State.

The Academy is now complete, and furnished for the accommodation of seventy-five or eighty boarders. On the first floor are the recreation and study halls; on the second, philosophical hall, music and class room; on the third floor, the young ladies' dormitory and ward-robes; in the fourth story is the exhibition hall.

This Academy will open on the first day of September.

The Eclipse in Lewis.—The editor of this paper viewed the eclipse of the sun from the top of Long Ridge, just before descending the hill to Escalaps. At this time it was five o'clock when we first saw it, though persons in the Salt Lick Valley observed it as early as half past four—about one-fourth of the surface of the sun was obscured, presenting the appearance in shape of the moon when three quarters full. Rapidly the eclipse became more complete, until at half past five it was more thorough than at any other time in that locality. The effect of the grand phenomenon upon the wild mountain scenery was magnificent beyond description. The light was brighter than that of dusk, but of a much more blinding character, it being impossible to distinguish the features of persons but a few feet distant. The shadow of a half moon was plainly delineated upon the leaves of the trees and the sides of the houses.

The Lady's Friend, for September.—A hand some steel engraving of Portia, the heroine of "The Merchant of Venice," opens the September number of this charming periodical. This is followed by the usual large and brilliant Fashion Plate, by an appropriate engraving of a Picnic, and by engravings of Children's Fashions, Young Lady's Toilet, Mantels, Headresses, Bodices, Corsets, etc. Among the literary matter are: "The Prize of Two Men's Lives," by Amanda M. Douglas; "Ingratitude," by Florence Percy; "Aunt Mabel's Story," by Aunt Alice; "Roland Yorks," by Mrs. Henry Wood; "My Catechism and its Consequences," by Harriet Boyer; "Between Two," by Elizabeth Prescott, &c., &c. Published by Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, at \$2.50 a year (which also includes a large steel engraving). Four copies, \$6. Five copies, (one gratis), \$8. "The Lady's Friend" and "The Saturday Evening Post" (one engraving), \$4.00. Specimen numbers sent for ten cents.

Pox Springs.—This most delightful place for summer recreation in Kentucky is at the Pox Springs, in Fleming county, kept by Mr. Fleming and his son-in-law, Mr. Richard Hatcher, formerly of Bourbon county. The Springs are situated at the very head of the Brushy Fork of Fox Creek, and at the foot of Long Ridge on the south side—the same ridge which divides the waters of Cabin Creek, the North Fork of Licking, Fox, Salt Lick, Kincaid, Tygart, and Triplett, and among whose hollows and mountain springs all of those streams head and find their respective sources. Just above the Pox Springs the Ridge is higher than at any other point, as is evidenced by the fact that in that immediate neighborhood more than half a dozen streams rise and flow in different directions, and thus, though located at the head of the valley, Fox Springs are situated on very high ground. A short distance below the Brushy Fork empties into the main Fox, and the valley widens into a most beautiful and fertile plain, through which the little stream finds its rapid way, with the mountain ridges on either hand. The hills and the valley furnish an abundance of leaf, onion, bacon, fruit and vegetables of every description. The first view of Fox Springs descending from the mountain is that of a spacious but old-fashioned country tavern, with broad galleries running the whole length in front, affording a cool looking place for lazy loungers in the sweltering days of July and August, but on approaching more nearly tastefully constructed summer houses, shaded walks, a well kept and beautiful garden, inviting groves of trees covering the croquet grounds, come into sight and present to the vision a spectacle of quiet comfort, elegance and refined taste never yet afforded by wayside hotels. The walks, the galleries surrounding the entire house, the house itself, and all the surroundings are as cheery, clean, and white as broom and lime and industry and the ever vigilant eye of the most noted housekeeper and landlady in Kentucky can make them. We cannot give the excellent management of Mrs. Fleming too great praise. It is too frequently incident upon the gathering of large crowds at watering places that everything is upset in the general noise and confusion, that the servants are too busy to be attentive, and the meals are wretchedly cooked, and not half enough to eat makes its appearance before the half famished seeker after pleasure under difficulties. But at Fox this is not the case. All is order and discipline, and the wants and comfort of no guest are disregarded. No city hotel of which we have any knowledge, in the West, places before its boarders every day half so bountiful or well served a meal. All that the market afford of fresh vegetables or fruit are had in profusion. The rooms are well ventilated and are kept in good order. A good land of music is always engaged for the entire season and discourses their most pleasing strains at every meal, besides playing for those who love the dance every night. The water, both chalybeate and sulphur, is near the house so that it can be taken direct from the cool springs or brought fresh to the house, and medical authorities pronounce both springs of rare healing virtues. It would require more space than we can devote to the subject to enumerate all the excellencies of the Pox Springs, and we can only advise all to go there.

An Auspicious Omen.—Mr. Editor:—If any of your readers were awake and abroad on last Tuesday night, (August 10th) they doubtless had the pleasure of witnessing a brilliant meteoric display. A "shooting star," moving from the North at an apparently low altitude, at a high rate of speed, in a southerly direction, and accompanied by a train of unusual size and splendor, illumined the landscape with a flood of unearthly radiance, spanned the river with a fleeting arch of fire, seemed to linger for an instant in its swift course as it moved over the city, and then, like the happy princess, hastened "over the hills and far away."

I call your attention, Mr. Editor, to this interesting phenomenon with the view of suggesting that, whilst there is nothing especially novel to the astronomer in the appearance of a "shooting star" at the annual August epoch, there is something extremely reassuring to astrologues and souls in the peculiar pomp and circumstance of an exhibition which moved with scrupulous exactness, and literally in an "air line" upon the Great Ohio and Southern Railway route to Chattanooga and the Gulf!

Tendering the Directory my respectful congratulations, I have the honor to be, Sincerely yours, DEVILLE MACAIRE.

There is no humbug about Palmer's Vegetable Compound Lotion. It has cured my hand entirely with less than one bottle. Writes J. F. Southard, of Indianapolis, Indiana.

The Story of a Physician.—A eminent physician, in Health and Home, tells the following excellent story for the benefit of young mothers. He says: "An intelligent young mother inquired some days since how she could best preserve her child's linen clean and sweet when changed frequently during the day. I directed her never to dry it by the fire, but in the sun and open air if the weather permitted. You thus not only avoid saturating the air of your room with the volatile and poisonous gases driven out of the linen, but the sun's rays have powers of cleansing and disinfecting, which artificial heat has not, and will purify and preserve the linen. She followed my directions, but as is too often the practice, dried and aired it in the nursery window. Her fastidious husband remonstrated in vain against this unseasonably exposure. Believing that if she saw her practice, as he called it, she would desist, he so directed their afternoon walk as to bring the nursery window in full view from a central part of the room. Stopping abruptly, he appointed to the offending linen flapping conspicuously in the breeze, and asked sarcastically: "My dear, what is that displayed from our window?" "Why," she promptly replied, "that is the flag of our Union." Conquered by this pungent retort, he saluted the flag with a swing of his hat, and pressing his wife's arm closer within his own, said, as they walked homeward, "And long may it wave."

He Test Oath in Virginia—Order of Gen. Canby.

WASHINGTON, August 10th, 1899. The following has just been received from Richmond:

GENERAL ORDER NO. 93. HEADQUARTERS FIRST MILITARY DISTRICT, RICHMOND, VA., AUGUST 3, 1899.

So much of General Orders, No. 83, of March 22, 1869, from these headquarters, as requires Commissioners of Chancery in the class of civil officers exempted from the operations of the joint resolution of Congress passed February 6, 1868, removing from office all persons who cannot take and subscribe the oath of office of July 2, 1869, is hereby revoked, and persons holding such office will, in future, be required to subscribe to such oath. All persons now holding such office, who cannot take the oath, are hereby removed.

By command of Brevet Major-General Canby.

The order revoked was issued by General Stoneman, whose construction of the law extended a certain class of officers, not executive or judicial, from the operation of the test oath. Gen. Canby seems to be determined to enforce it in every instance, and the above order is regarded as an assurance that he will impose upon the Legislature if higher authority does not interpose.

STATE NEWS.

Kentucky State Sunday-school Association will meet at Covington, August 31, 1899.

Geo. W. CUNNINGHAM formerly of Louisville, died suddenly of heart disease in Henderson, Ky., Aug. 3. He was buried with Masonic honors.

The Legislature of Kentucky will be made up as follows: Lower House, ninety-two Democrats and eight Republicans; Senate, thirty-six Democrats and two Republicans.

The Lexington Observer and Reporter thinks much to be made of the fact that place would make an elegant card if it were not for the embarrassment of the court-house.

Farmers in the vicinity of Covington complain that the corn and potatoes are suffering considerably on account of the continued drought.

Major Thomas D. Kennedy, who was prostrated last week by a paralytic stroke, died yesterday morning, at his residence on the Lexington turnpike, about three miles from Covington.

The body of the little son of Mr. Thomas, of Louisville who was drowned while attending a picnic at Oakland, several days ago, was found near the mouth of Salt river, on the 6th inst.

Mr. John Thomas Gray has sold to Captain Walcott the farm known as the Saffell place, one mile above Frankfort, containing 130 acres, for \$10,000 taking in part payment a one-third interest in the Frankfort Cotton Mill, valued at \$25,000.

The Courier-Journal says a boy was struck on the head by a base ball thrown by a play-fellow, the other evening in the upper end of Market street, and so completely stunned that he did not recover consciousness for a long time, and until he had been vigorously handled and iced by his friends. He very nearly went out on a fly.

Highway Robbery.—The police of the city of Covington, received information, yesterday, that Mr. Allen Northcutt, of Henderson county, was attacked night before last near Gosport, south of Independence, by six men, who knocked him from his horse and robbed him of about five hundred dollars. These are all the particulars that have been received of the affair.

Warren County Circuit Court last week sentenced five persons to the penitentiary, as follows: Moses Bracken (colored), rape, 18 years; Charles Covington (colored), grand larceny, 2 years; John D. Poitillo, horse stealing, 4 years; Daniel Biggs, horse stealing, 2 years; Dr. T. H. Deering, a vendor of stolen goods, 6 months for stealing a pair of pistols from S. S. Searcy.

The Franklin Sentinel says the corn crop is looking finely, and there is no end to the quantity. The tobacco crop is very backward with few exceptions. We notice a field of about ten acres in the plantation of Alfred Baker, Esq., on Red river, that for height and healthy appearance is entitled to the blue ribbon. It will average two and a half feet high, with large broad leaf.

APPRAISAL.—The Woodford Weekly of Friday last, says:

Wm. Merryman, of this place, shot a negro by the name of Jim Watson, lodging over at his place, and passing through his place. It appears that Merryman was in controversy with another negro when Watson stepped up and said to him, "I don't want to talk to you, but I want to see you." The latter drew a pistol. Merryman also drew one, and firing simultaneously commenced by both. Five shots were fired. By-standers rushed in and separated the combatants. The negro was killed. The negro was recovered from his wounds.

FIRE IN LOUISVILLE.—About twelve o'clock on the 8th instant, a fire totally destroyed the corn mill of F. Bowman, on First street, between Main and Market, and damaged the adjoining buildings and contents to some extent. Loss, \$3,500—fully insured, in local and Eastern companies.

While the fire was progressing the cigar store of Adolph Harris, at the corner of Market and First streets, was observed to be on fire. It was, however, soon subdued. Harris, the proprietor, was afterwards arrested on the charge of arson, and committed.

Night before last, while Mr. Wm. Rich was proceeding along Greenup street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth in Covington he was approached by a stranger, who, without a word, knocked him down with his fist. The blow struck Mr. Rich in the head, which has since been closed, owing to the swelling. The assailant had no sooner effected his purpose than he knelt over the prostrate form of Mr. Rich and assured him he was very sorry for what he had done, and explained that it was the result of a mistake—that he had taken Mr. Rich for another man. This is what we presume might be termed a "rich" joke.

A FEARFUL CONFLAGRATION.—A most fearful calamity befell the citizens of Elizabethtown on the 8th instant, in the destruction by fire of twenty-four brick houses, in the most business part of the town. The fire broke out about 1 o'clock P. M.

Many families were deprived of homes, but all are kindly cared for. The doors of every house were thrown wide open, and the homeless invited to enter.

It is truly gratifying that no lives were lost, and but few were injured. Every exertion was made to stay the elements and to save property; men periled their lives, others were compelled to stop through exhaustion, with none to supply their places. The ladies did not look on in pity—they worked, and their services were valuable.

The entire loss is estimated at \$134,500, and depriving the place of nearly all its business.

THE DOUGLAS TRAGEDY.—On the 27th ult., Silas and Achilles Douglas, sons of Wm. W. Douglas, a farmer living eight miles from Middleburg, were arrested by Constable Jordan Ross, on suspicion of having fired a barn belonging to another farmer, which had since been closed, owing to the swelling. The assault had no sooner effected his purpose than he knelt over the prostrate form of Mr. Rich and assured him he was very sorry for what he had done, and explained that it was the result of a mistake—that he had taken Mr. Rich for another man. This is what we presume might be termed a "rich" joke.

The guards, soon returned and resumed their duties, but they had not long been in when the house was surrounded by an armed band of twenty men. On the visitors at tempting to gain an entrance, the dog snapped at them, and the old lady and Caroline, woman 26 years of age, sprang to the door to prevent the entrance of the gang. At the same time, Ross and his guards made for the door and passed out. The guards then quickly placed themselves within. The brothers, who had been asleep, jumped from their beds, and Silas attempted to seize a gun. As he did so a bullet from the regulators pierced his head, and he fell. The mother and daughter had been dragged out, the latter with seven balls in her side and one in her shoulder. Another bullet from the regulators struck the wrist of Achilles, disabling him, but he was not injured. Several of the regulators have been arrested, but it is said, are allowed to retain their arms, and are not imprisoned. Special bailiff John Wyatt, with ten United States soldiers, was in Cass county on the 6th, and tendered his services to Sheriff Sweeney in the search for the balance of the party, but the Sheriff did not seem disposed to accept his offer. Wyatt declares there is no disposition on the part of the authorities to execute the law, and that justice, and that none of them will ever be punished.

The point at which the tragedy took place is about 12 miles from this city. Mr. Douglas, the father, was shot yesterday morning, and the matter before the United States authorities.

thorities, but it is hardly probable that Uncle Sam will interfere, as he has no jurisdiction. The matter lies entirely with the State authorities, and if the State authorities do not choose to punish the offenders, they will of course go unpunished. Douglas says he has been called an abolitionist, and he believes his political opinions and his devotion to the Union brought about the trouble with the regulators.

We have heard on other version of the affair than that given above, and cannot vouch for its reliability. The statements given are published that the truth may be arrived at, and they are worthy of notice. What we have heard is the origin of the trouble between Douglas and his neighbors, certain it is that there are few more appalling stories of the dark and gloomy nature than that told of what occurred on the farm eight miles from Middleburg. —Courier-Journal.

Yegger—Refuses to Escape.

JACKSON, Miss., August 11. An attempt was made by Yegger to effect his escape from the guard-house last evening. By some means, as yet unexplained, he had obtained possession of a key with which he could unlock his manacles. His handcuffs were, for last week or thereabouts, removed by day, and only fastened on at night. Yesterday the guard, who was stationed inside, noticed Yegger, while mounted on a box, which seemed for a moment to be the top of which he occasionally mounts to look through his grating, in the act of concealing a key in the crevice about the grating. Finding that he was detected, he admitted to the sentinel that it was he, and he could not unfasten his manacles. He further stated, so says the guard when he obtained his confidence by professed sympathy, that he expected other keys from which he should be able to obtain one that would unlock his handcuffs; and, if the guard should return to the other keys to Mr. Yegger he should be well paid. When the discovery was reported to the officer of the guard, Yegger was removed. Yegger had furnished him with the key.

To-day, in the presence of Mrs. Yegger, he denied it, and denied having said so. From circumstances, it is believed Mrs. Yegger was utterly ignorant of his possessing the key. The probability is that a bribe obtained from one of the guards, or as Yegger has since stated that, he obtained it from a prisoner who swept out his cell, on a promise of five dollars in the event of his escape. The matter is yet surrounded with some mystery.

The Roomanant Girl Show.

Visitors to London, says the News, have been rapturously entertained by a show of the "Roomanant Girl Show." Such a show took place on the 11th and 12th of last month, and is of immortal memory among the roomanants. As the time for the fair approached, the fathers, whose children are marriageable, collect what they can afford as a dowry. Whatever this consists of it is packed, if possible, in a box, and sent to the fair. The pointed day they all—fathers, children and chattels—start for some trying place, generally among the western mountains of Transylvania.

When the fair is opened the fathers climb to the top of their carriages and shout with the whole power of their lungs, "I have a daughter to marry. Who wants a wife?" The call is answered by some of the roomanants. As the time for the fair approached, the fathers, whose children are marriageable, collect what they can afford as a dowry. Whatever this consists of it is packed, if possible, in a box, and sent to the fair. The pointed day they all—fathers, children and chattels—start for some trying place, generally among the western mountains of Transylvania.

Organization of the Mexican Claims Commission.

The Mexican Claims Commission met on the 10th and organized by taking and subscribing the declaration required by the convention, and then proceeded to take into consideration the subject of the regulations to govern the Commission—the choice of an agent of record, and other matters of detail appertaining to the organization of the Commission. Nothing was agreed upon. It is understood that after completing these preliminary arrangements the Committee will adjourn, probably until December. In the meantime the Commission governing the Commission will be promulgated and notice given to all parties having claims to lay before the Commission to present their petitions and be ready to appear in person, or by counsel, before the Commission on or before the 1st of January, 1900. The Commission will be organized by the Commission on or before the 1st of January, 1900.

Faithful unto Death.

"Faithful unto Death" is a motto that reads well in romance and poetry, but we very rarely meet with anybody in real life who lives up to it. The history of Thomas Jefferson, however, affords one instance of a great man being intensely faithful to the first object of his love until death closed his eyes. His wife, when stricken by mortal illness, lingered a long time. For weeks her husband was by her side or in a room that opened at the head of her bed and he and a relative alone watched. At last, at last, she died, and he was back into his room and faded away, and for a long time he was supposed also dead. During the three weeks he did not leave her room. Finally he was induced to mount his horse and accompanied by his daughter, he rode among the mountains often bursting into tears. At this time he was only about forty years old, and never married again, and when he died, forty years afterward, a lock of her hair and some other tokens were found in a secret drawer of his cabinet, inclosed in an envelope which bore the marks of having been frequently handled.

Heavy Damages Claimed.

John Pearce, of this city, brought suit in the Common Pleas Court, this morning, against the owners of the steamer United States, for the loss of his wife and child, on the fourth of December last. Mrs. Pearce and her little son were both passengers on the United States when it collided with the steamer and were both killed by the collision of the United States with the America at Rahl's landing. The damages are laid at forty thousand dollars, and the lawyers who brought the suit are Messrs. Bramlette & Durrett.

We believe this is the first suit for damages for loss of life by that terrible accident which has been brought in any of our courts. It is possible, however, that the thing once begun will not end with the suit of Captain Pearce. We know nothing of the legal grounds upon which the attorneys in the case expect to hold the owners of the boats liable, but take it for granted that the question of legal responsibility has been duly investigated by Messrs. Bramlette & Durrett.—Lou. Ec.

Boston has five or six hundred million of dollars, New York eight or nine hundred millions. The two cities combined own nearly one-tenth of the entire property of the country. The city of Boston alone, has more wealth than the States of Maryland, New Hampshire and Vermont combined. New York has some sixty or seventy millions of banking capital, Boston nearly fifty millions. The two cities combined have within their borders (including any additional independent ones), nearly one-third of the entire banking capital of the United States. Boston alone has twice the capital of the rich State of Connecticut, and four or five times that of Maine.

ANOTHER FATAL MISTAKE.—Miss Mary Land, of Barnwell, S. C., died on Wednesday morning last, from the effects of morphia taken by mistake for quinine. She sent to a drug store for ten grains of quinine of the evening before. By mistake morphia was given instead of quinine, and Miss Land took the whole quantity and did not discover the mistake until too late. The aid of Dr. Hunsan was summoned promptly, but she was so far gone that she could not be saved. She died in a few hours after.

A FIGHT between whites and blacks is reported to have taken place at Floyd City, Ky., on the 10th inst., when the whites killed a number of each party were wounded.

A Horrible Scene.

(From the New York Sun.)

During no previous season have the waters surrounding Manhattan Island been visited by such large numbers of sharks as those which are now to be seen daily disappearing themselves about the piers bordering on the East and North rivers. What has driven these monsters in such unusually large numbers into our waters it is difficult to say, some attributing it to the unusual number of "new-badders" which made their appearance in the harbor during the present season, while others attribute their appearance to the unusually large numbers of dead bodies which at present appear in the rivers.

One thing is very remarkable in connection with these visitors, namely: the boldness with which they attack their prey. It is no uncommon sight to see a party of three or four of these ugly fellows gamboling in the waters in close proximity to the piers, while passengers by the Fulton and Hamilton ferries have frequently seen them eat right and left, and then, without any warning, jump up on the deck of the boat as if ready to bounce upon anything from a man down to a dog.

The most remarkable adventure in connection with these bloodthirsty fellows occurred yesterday morning, in the vicinity of Pier 20, East river, the details of which are almost too revolting for publication. While a party of loungers were engaged in unloading one of the ships lying at the above-mentioned pier, their attention was attracted by the frantic movements of a number of large sharks, which, having discovered a rich morsel in the murky waters which layed the pier, were engaged in a most exciting contest for the spoils. Seizing a number of weapons in the way of stones, bricks, and shovels, the men hastened to the spot, upon which they discovered that the water, for a distance of about fifty yards around the pier, was tinged with blood. Upon closer inspection, the laborers discovered the cause of the excited movements of the monsters. Fastened between two of the logs which constituted the front of the pier, was the dead body of a female, apparently about twenty-five years of age, who, the mutilated and bleeding remnants of which the hungry monsters were quarreling with all the ferocity of a pack of wolves over the carcass of a dead animal. The greater portion of the lower limbs had already been eaten away, and one huge fellow was seen upon the approach of the party, to dart off into the stream, bearing with him a large piece of flesh torn from the side of the body. A boat was instantly secured and manned, and an effort made to rescue the body from the rapacious monsters, but before they reached the spot one huge fellow was seen to plunge his teeth into the body, and he darted into the stream, his track being crimsoned by the blood which flowed from the mutilated body of the unfortunate woman.

Interesting Facts.

A contributor to the Herald has made an abstract of the finances of the countries of Europe, for comparison with our own, by which it appears that the amount of our national debt is \$55.05 in gold, that of Great Britain is \$126.75, and that of Holland \$106.35; while France and Spain average more than \$80 of debt for each inhabitant. We pay of interest per head of our nation but \$3.69. In annual expenditure, however, seven countries of Europe exceed us, namely: Holland, Great Britain, France, Denmark, Bavaria, Spain, and Austria. Our expenditure is \$7.18 per head in gold, while that of France is \$9.42 and that of Great Britain \$11.34. This is estimating our population at 35,000,000, which is too small. The same writer reports that it is not collecting our revenue we compare favorably with other countries, being but little more extravagant in its cost than England, while Hesse, Italy, Prussia, Bavaria, Baden, Turkey, Austria, Denmark, Belgium, Greece, Russia, Hungary and France pay a larger per cent. for collecting their taxes than we do. This is decidedly encouraging and not generally known.

A private letter was received in Louisville, on Monday last, says the Courier-Journal, reports that on the 6th instant, a party of fifteen men, masked and mounted, went into house of James Crowder, fourteen miles beyond Lebanon on the Lebanon and Danville pike, and taking him out a short distance from the house, hanged him to the limb of a tree. The lynchings quieted his wife by holding a loud wailing to her head. It is said that Crowder was a very kind old gentleman, and much esteemed, but there were reports that he was concerned in some large swindles. He was sixty-five years of age. He owned some three hundred acres of land near Lebanon, and before the war owned a large number of negroes.

Cuba.

The Spanish Army in Cuba, it is estimated, amounts to about seventy thousand well equipped soldiers. Of this number 35,000 are native volunteers. The number of troops landed from Spain since November, 1898, amounts to 20,577. Spanish volunteers in prison, 7,000, making a total of 42,667. But from this number must be deducted about 10,000 carried off by disease and wounds, leaving 32,667. Besides the Revolutionaries, it is reported, there are within 30,000 men, 25,000 poorly armed.

The case of Pratt, the Texas murderer and rioter, threatens to breed serious disturbances in New York, in a conflict between the State and national authorities. Marshal Barlow is instructed by the President to hold the prisoner in spite of the State Courts, and to protect himself from arrest. For this purpose he is supported by a company of United States artillery. On the other hand Judge McCann is reported to have directed the sheriff to call a posse to enforce his order for Pratt's discharge, while the Sixty ninth Regiment of Militia is also under arms to enforce the order. Barlow is confident of his ability to hold his prisoner.

A good story—and it is as true as it is good—is told of an old farmer named Stinton, who lives about twelve miles from Danville, Ill. The old man never read a newspaper, or anything but the Bible, and consequently has heard nothing of the eclipse. When the sun began to be obscured, and the darkness to gather, he was frightened half out of his wits, and ran to the house of a neighbor, begging him to pray for his wife and children for him. He was never known to do anything of the sort himself. "I don't care for myself," said he, "but pray for the old woman and the children."

Education does not commence with the alphabet. It begins with a mother's look, a father's nod of approbation, or his sign of reproof; with a sister's gentle pressure of the hand, or a brother's noble act of forbearance; with a handful of flowers in green meadows; with a bird's nest admired but not touched; with pleasant walks in shady lanes; and with thoughts directed in sweet and kindly tones toward the beauty of nature, the act of benevolence, to deeds of virtue, and to the source of all good—to God himself.

A contemporary says the Cubans continue to be reinforced by volunteers from the United States. Two hundred and fifty recruits from Kentucky, Ohio and Indiana are said to have succeeded in landing about the 28th ultimo, and joined Cervera's forces. They carried with them a full supply of camp equipment, with plenty of arms and ammunition.

The large and extensive Dry Goods house of Bowers, Berkman & Co., New York, have suspended, and their liabilities are estimated at \$3,000,000. Their assets are large. A Boston capitalist is said to have offered to advance all the money necessary to carry the house through for a year, but it was decided to suspend and as an extension.

A FUNNY MISTAKE.—The Paducah Herald published an account of the eclipse as forthcoming, and by some error of press or types announced that it would begin at 4 o'clock A. M. Saturday. Wherefore all Paducah arose before daylight and patiently awaited the coming of the dawn. It was not until an unimpeachable cock-in-a-hat had proclaimed that the majority were satisfied of the error.—Exc. Sig.

A THREE-year old daughter of Terrence McGee, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, pulled a kettle of boiling strap from a stove, a few days ago, and spilled the contents on her breast, and died in a few moments.

The Hottentots living in Cape Colony.

South Africa, number in all 7,366. Many of them are rising in the scale of education, civilization, and religion. In one of their towns, having a population of over 1,000, they have lately built a Christian Church which will accommodate about 500 hearers, and it is generally crowded with sober and attentive worshippers.

BONNER paid \$20,000 for Dexter, and it is said that he has offered a like sum for the famous trotting mare, "American Girl." Bonner is no doubt making money fast with the Ledger, but the man who invests sixty thousand dollars in a couple of horses merely for his own private use is a fool if he expects to die outside the poor-house.

A riot occurred at Hathville, Northumberland county, Virginia, last Wednesday, which was participated in by whites and blacks. One of the latter was killed and several wounded.

GEORGE W. CASS, brother of Lewis Cass, still resides at Dresden, in Muskingum County, Ohio, aged eighty-three, in perfect health, mental and physical.

MESSRS. P. H. DRAKE & Co., proprietors of the Plantation Bitters, are said to be the largest importers of St. Croix Rum and Calisaya Bark in America. The Rum imported by this firm is all used in the preparation of their Bitters, and is manufactured under the immediate supervision of one of their agents, upon leased plantations on the Island of St. Thomas. Over nine thousand punchons, about one million gallons, is used annually for their Bitters alone. The Calisaya Bark is all imported from Brazil, and also gathered and selected by the natives, under the supervision of an agent sent out for that purpose. The cures produced by these Bitters are wonderful.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

"FRESH AS A MAIDEN'S BLUSH"—Is the pure peachy complexion which follows the use of Hagar's Magnolia Balm. It is the True Secret of Beauty. Fashionable Ladies in Society understand this.

The Magnolia Balm changes the rustic Conty Girl into a City Belle more rapidly than any other one thing.

Redness, Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Blotches, and all effects of the Summer Sun disappear when it is used, and a general cultivated, fresh expression is obtained which rivals the Bloom of Youth. Beauty is possible to all who will invest 75 cents at any respectable store and insist on getting the Magnolia Balm.

Use nothing but Lyon's Katharon to dress the Hair.

Fruit Jars.

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FRUIT JAR.

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